

Figure 1 Connection diagram of the SBP 48|100 (use the remote input for system on/off functionality)

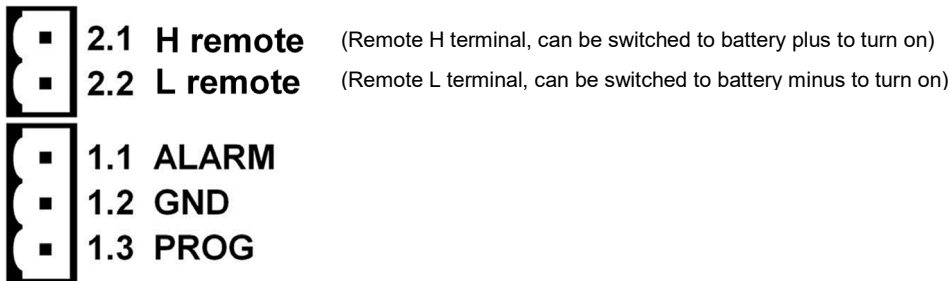


Figure 2: Connection diagrams and pin numbering

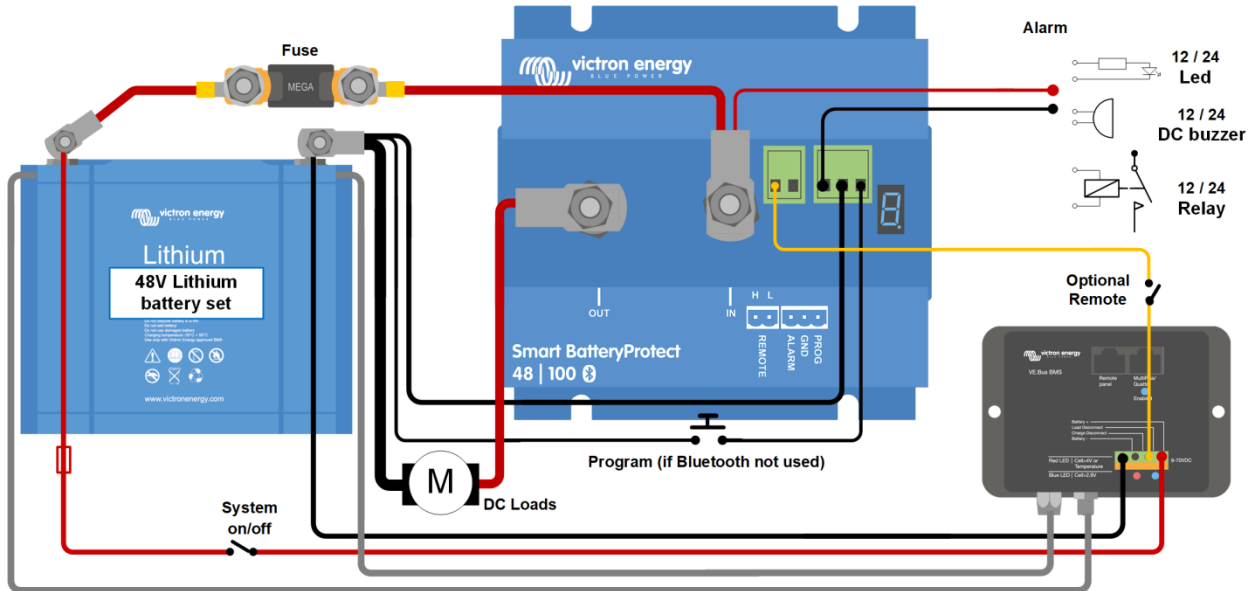


Figure 3: System with 48V Li-ion battery set (applicable with VE.Bus BMS or miniBMS)

Note: When in Li-ion mode, the SBP will disengage when the H input becomes free floating, and will remain disengaged for 30 seconds even if it receives a re-engage signal within that time period. After 30 seconds it will respond immediately to a re-engage signal. Therefore, there will normally be no waiting time if the SBP is used as a system on-off switch (use the System on/off switch in the positive supply of the BMS for this purpose).

Similarly, if a system shut down occurred due to low cell voltage, the SBP will remain disengaged for 30 seconds even if it receives a re-engage signal within that time period (which will happen when no other loads are connected to the battery). After 3 attempts to re-engage, the SBP will remain disengaged until battery voltage has increased to more than 52V during at least 30 seconds (which is a sign that the battery is being recharged). The under voltage thresholds and alarm output of the SBP are inactive in this mode.

To manually make it start again, briefly disconnect and reconnect the remote on/off terminal or switch the BMS off and on again.

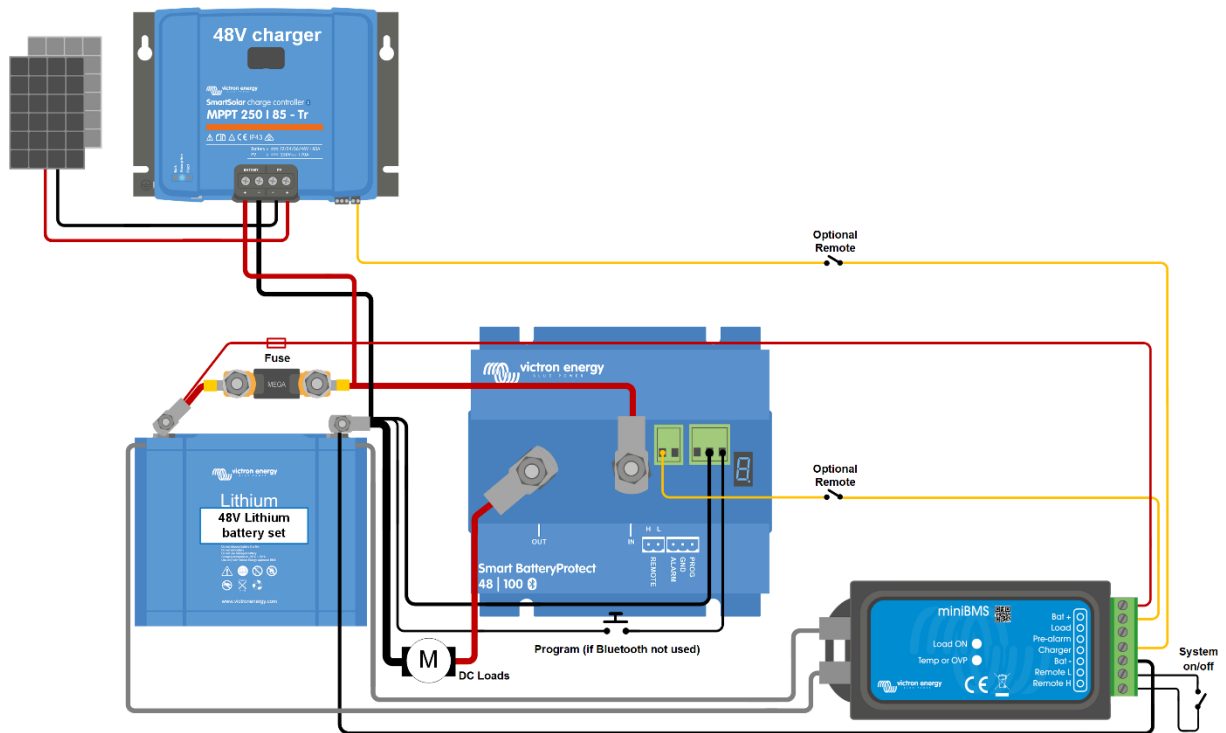


Figure 4: DC solar system with Lithium battery (applicable with VE.Bus BMS or miniBMS)

Caution: uncontrolled reverse current will flow through a Smart BatteryProtect if $V_{out} > V_{in}$. Therefore never use a Smart BatteryProtect for battery to battery charging.